

# 19 Mulham Pl Toronto, ON M9A 4W1



PREPARED FOR: EVA STEC

**INSPECTION DATE:** Friday, June 2, 2023

PREPARED BY: Josh Natovitch, RHI



Carson, Dunlop & Associates Ltd. 120 Carlton Street, Suite 407 Toronto, ON M5A 4K2

#### 416-964-9415

www.carsondunlop.com inspection@carsondunlop.com

Excellence in home inspection

OVER	VIEW							Report No.	84782, v.2		
19 Mulham PI, Toronto, ON June 2, 2023 www.carsondunlop.con											
OVERVIEW	ROOFING	EXTERIOR	STRUCTURE	ELECTRICAL	HEATING	COOLING	INSULATION	PLUMBING	INTERIOR		
APPLIANCES	OUR ADVICE	APPENDIX	REFERENCE								

This Overview lists some of the significant report items if any were identified. Please read the entire report before making any decisions about the home; do not rely solely on the Overview.

#### FOR THE BUYER

There are two elements to a home inspection - the inspection itself and the report. This report is helpful, but the inspection is equally important. You need both elements to make an informed decision. Call us at 416-964-9415 to book a Buyers Review with the inspector. Our fee is \$260. Without a Buyers Review, our obligation and liability are limited to the seller.

When you move into the home you may find some issues not identified in the report. That is to be expected for a few reasons, such as furniture and storage that has been removed, changes to the property conditions, etc. Therefore, we suggest you allow roughly 1% of the value of the home annually for maintenance and repair.

# Cooling & Heat Pump

#### AIR CONDITIONING \ Life expectancy

Condition: • Air conditioner past typical life expectancy Be prepared to replace at any time. Implication(s): Equipment failure | Reduced comfort Task: Replace Time: Soon Cost: \$3,000 - \$6,000

#### Plumbing

#### WATER HEATER \ Life expectancy

Condition: • Past life expectancy Be prepared to replace at any time. Implication(s): No hot water Task: Replace Time: Soon Cost: \$1,000 - \$3,000

#### WASTE PLUMBING \ Floor drain

Condition: • None noted May be concealed. Implication(s): Chance of water damage to structure, finishes and contents Task: Locate, or provide if missing Time: As soon as practical Cost: \$1,000 and up

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Here are a few thoughts to help you stay warm, safe and dry in your home.

All homes require regular maintenance and periodic updates. Maintenance programs help keep homes safe, comfortable and efficient. Roofs, furnaces and air conditioners for example, wear out and have to be replaced. Good maintenance extends the life of these house systems. Refer to Our Advice tab for more details regarding maintenance of your home.

Water is the biggest enemy of homes, whether from leaks through the roof, walls or foundation, or from plumbing inside the home. Preventative maintenance and quick response to water problems are important to minimize damage, costs and help prevent mould.

Environmental consultants can help with issues like mould, indoor air quality and asbestos. If you need help in these areas, we can connect you with professionals.

All recommendations in the report should be addressed by qualified specialists. Our ballpark costs and time frames are provided as a courtesy and should be confirmed with quotes from specialists. Minor costs in the report are typically under \$1,000.

END OF OVERVIEW

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Descrip	Description											
Sloped ro	Sloped roofing material:											

Asphalt shingles



Asphalt shingles



Asphalt shingles

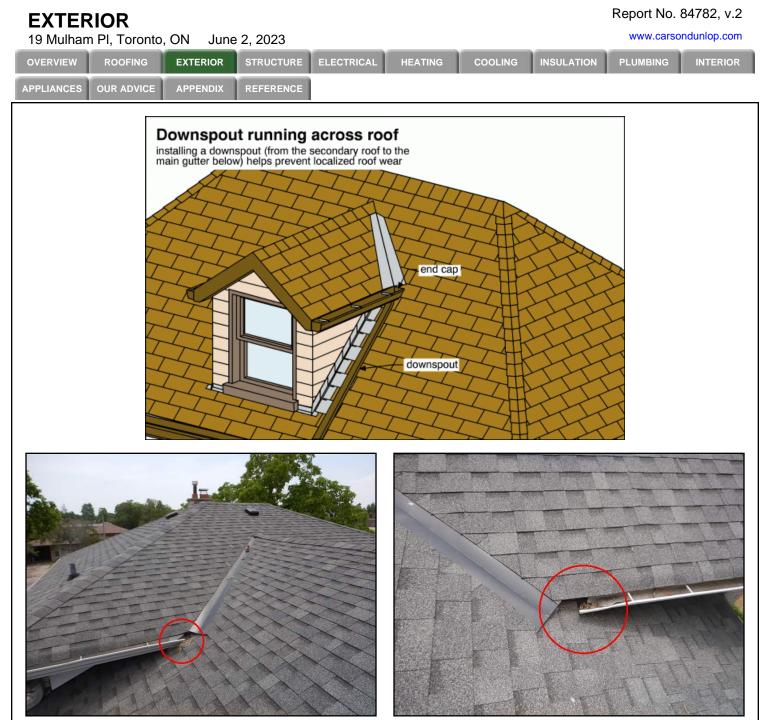
# Inspection Methods and Limitations

Inspection performed: • By walking on roof

# EXTERIOR

www.carsondunlop.com 19 Mulham PI, Toronto, ON June 2, 2023 ROOFING EXTERIOR INSULATION PLUMBING APPLIANCES OUR ADVICE APPENDIX REFERENCE Description Wall surfaces and trim: • Brick **Observations and Recommendations ROOF DRAINAGE \ Gutters** Condition: • Discharge onto roofs End caps missing (intentionally). Discharging on to roof below. This may wear out the discharge area prematurely. Consider adding a downspout to discharge directly into the lower gutter. Implication(s): Material deterioration Location: Various Task: Improve Time: Discretionary Cost: Minor Dormer gutters discharging onto roof





Discharge onto roofs

Discharge onto roofs

#### **ROOF DRAINAGE \ Downspouts**

**Condition:** • As of Dec 2016, a Toronto by-law requires downspouts to discharge above grade. Exemptions may be available in some cases. Below-grade downspouts may leak or be clogged, resulting in basement leakage. Click the line above for details.

**Implication(s)**: Chance of water damage to contents, finishes and/or structure **Task**: Re-direct downspouts to discharge above grade at least 6 feet from home. **Time**: As soon as possible

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Abandon below grade downspouts	
downsput extension to cap off downspout extension that extension that foor drain	on '
<image/>	

# WALLS \ Flashings and caulking

Condition: • Caulking missing or ineffective

Gaps around pipes/wires/vents/etc. need to be sealed at the wall surface.

# EXTERIOR

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Monitor details like this once or twice per year and improve when necessary.

Some details need attention now.

Implication(s): Chance of water damage to structure, finishes and contents

Location: Various

Task: Monitor / Improve

Time: Regular maintenance

#### Cost: Minor





Example

#### EXTERIOR \ Window wells

Condition: • Missing

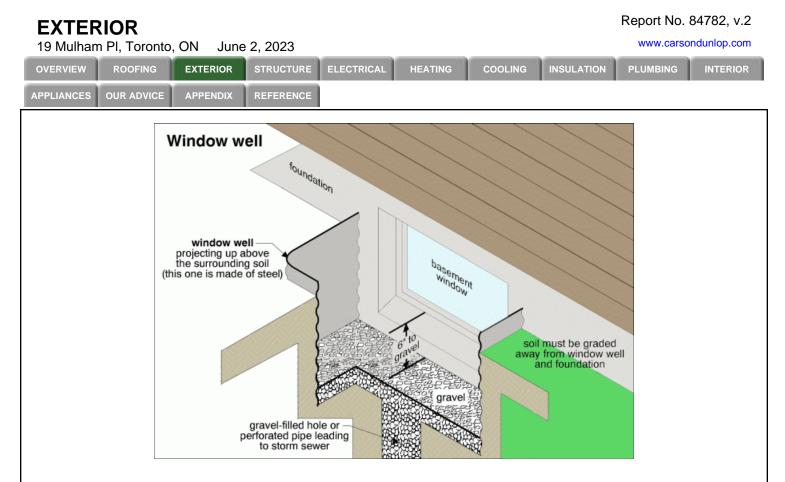
Window(s) noted with sills close to or below grade level.

Ensure these areas are kept clear of snow in the winter and monitor corresponding interior area during wet weather. If necessary, install window well(s).

Implication(s): Chance of water damage to structure, finishes and contents | Material deterioration

Location: Right (looking from street)

Task: Monitor / Provide Time: If/as necessary Cost: Minor Example



#### LANDSCAPING \ General notes

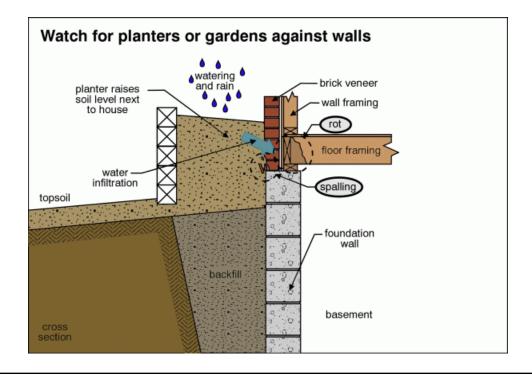
Condition: • Raised gardens against the house

**Implication(s)**: Raised gardens against the home increase the risk of moisture problems in the basement, especially if they are watered regularly.

Location: Front / Right side

Task: Monitor and re-arrange if necessary.

Time: Ongoing



# Report No. 84782, v.2 19 Mulham PI, Toronto, ON June 2, 2023 overview Roofing Exterior Structure Lectrical Heating Cooling Insulation Plumbing Interior APPLIANCES OUR Advice APPENDIX REFERENCE Verview Ve





Front

Right side

Condition: • Vines on building Implication(s): Chance of damage to finishes | Chance of pests entering building Location: Left (looking from street) Task: Remove Time: Discretionary Cost: Minor



Vines on building

# **EXTERIOR**

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# Inspection Methods and Limitations

Inspection limited/prevented by: • Storage in garage • Vines/shrubs/trees against wall

Exterior inspected from: • Ground level

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#### Description

General: • The structure has performed well, with no evidence of significant movement.

Configuration: • <u>Basement</u> • <u>Crawlspace</u>

Foundation material: • Masonry block • Not visible in areas

Floor construction: • Joists • Masonry columns • Built-up wood beams (girders) • Subfloor - plank • Not visible in some areas

Exterior wall construction: • Masonry

#### Roof and ceiling framing:

• Rafters/ceiling joists





Rafters/ceiling joists

- Plywood sheathing
- Oriented Strand Board (OSB) sheathing

#### **Observations and Recommendations**

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS \ General**

**Condition:** • Most foundation walls and masonry walls have small cracks due to minor shrinkage, settlement or shifting. These will not be individually noted, unless leakage or building movement is noted.

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#### Description

**General:** • The electrical system should prove adequate for typical lifestyles.

Service size: • 100 Amps (240 Volts)

Main disconnect/service box type and location: • Breakers - garage

#### Distribution panel type and location:

• Breakers - garage



Breakers - garage

Distribution wire (conductor) material and type: • <u>Copper - non-metallic sheathed</u> Circuit interrupters: Ground Fault (GFCI) & Arc Fault (AFCI): • <u>GFCIs present</u> • No AFCI

## **Observations and Recommendations**

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS \ General**

**Condition:** • All electrical recommendations are safety issues. Treat them as high priority items, and consider the Time frame as Immediate, unless otherwise noted.

#### Inspection Methods and Limitations

Inspection limited/prevented by: • Main disconnect cover not removed - unsafe to do so.

# HEATING

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#### Description

#### Heating system type:

Furnace



Furnace

Fuel/energy source: • <u>Gas</u> Approximate capacity: • <u>80,000 BTU/hr</u> Efficiency: • <u>High-efficiency</u> Approximate age: • <u>4 years</u> Typical life expectancy: • Furnace (high efficiency) 15 to 20 years

Fireplace/stove: • <u>Wood-burning fireplace</u>

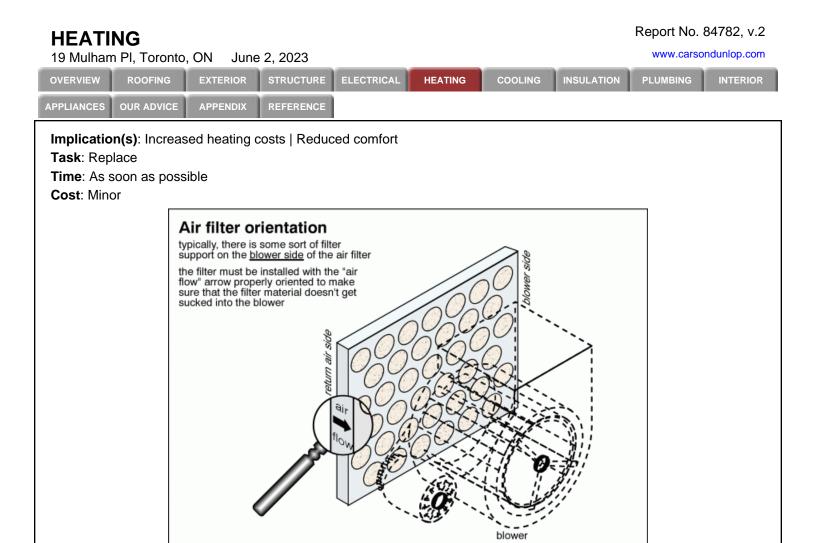
Humidifier: • Trickle/cascade type

# **Observations and Recommendations**

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS \ General**

Condition: It is common to feel the airflow stronger at some registers, depending on the length of the ductwork and the number of turns required to get there. Different preferences and seasons often necessitate different setups (balancing). A service agreement that covers parts and labour (for heating and cooling equipment) is typically advised.
 Location: Throughout
 Task: Monitor / improve

FURNACE \ Filter Condition: • Installed backwards



#### CHIMNEY AND VENT \ Masonry chimney cap (crown)

#### Condition: • Cracked

**Implication(s)**: Chance of water damage to structure, finishes and contents | Shortened life expectancy of material **Task**: Repair

Time: As soon as practical **Cost**: Minor

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V		es a good	chimney c		flexible sealant at joint with line sloped to d away fro flash	frain water om flue ing		



cross section



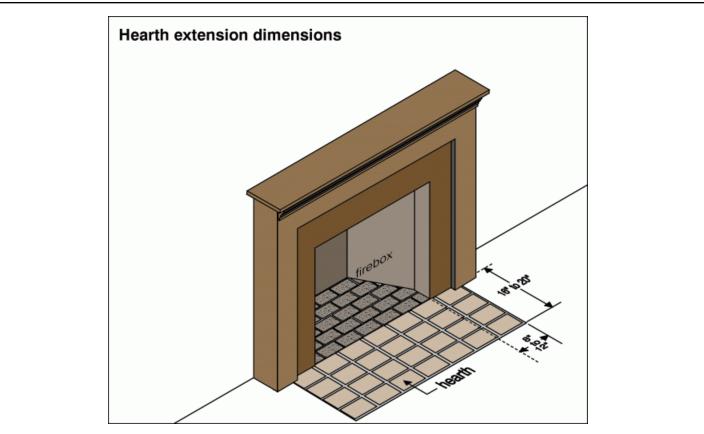
Cracked

#### FIREPLACE \ General notes

Condition: • Before you use the fireplace, it should be inspected, cleaned and improved if necessary by a WETT (Wood Energy Technology Transfer Inc.) certified technician
 Task: Provide
 Time: Before using

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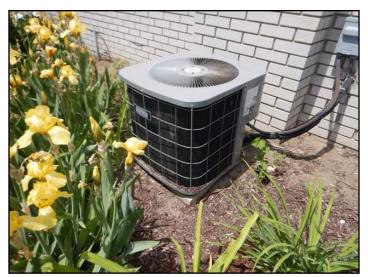
# COOLING & HEAT PUMP

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#### Description

### Air conditioning type:

<u>Air cooled</u>



Air cooled

Cooling capacity: • 24,000 BTU/hr

Compressor approximate age: • 22 years

Typical life expectancy: • 10 to 15 years

# **Observations and Recommendations**

#### AIR CONDITIONING \ Life expectancy

Condition: • Air conditioner past typical life expectancy Be prepared to replace at any time. Implication(s): Equipment failure | Reduced comfort Task: Replace Time: Soon Cost: \$3,000 - \$6,000

# Report No. 84782, v.2 INSULATION AND VENTILATION www.carsondunlop.com 19 Mulham PI, Toronto, ON June 2, 2023 ROOFING STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING APPLIANCES APPENDIX OUR ADVICE REFERENCE Description Attic/roof insulation material: Fiberglass Fiberglass Attic/roof insulation amount/value: • R-24 Attic/roof air/vapor barrier: • Kraft paper **Observations and Recommendations ATTIC/ROOF \ Insulation**

Condition: • Amount less than current standards

Consider increasing insulation after living in the home for one year.

Live with the current arrangement to determine if the house is comfortable for your living style and if improvements are required - based on comfort and economics.

Implication(s): Increased heating and cooling costs

Location: Attic Task: Improve Time: Discretionary

**Cost**: \$1,500 - and up

#### ATTIC/ROOF \ Hatch/Door

Condition: 
• Not insulated and not weatherstripped

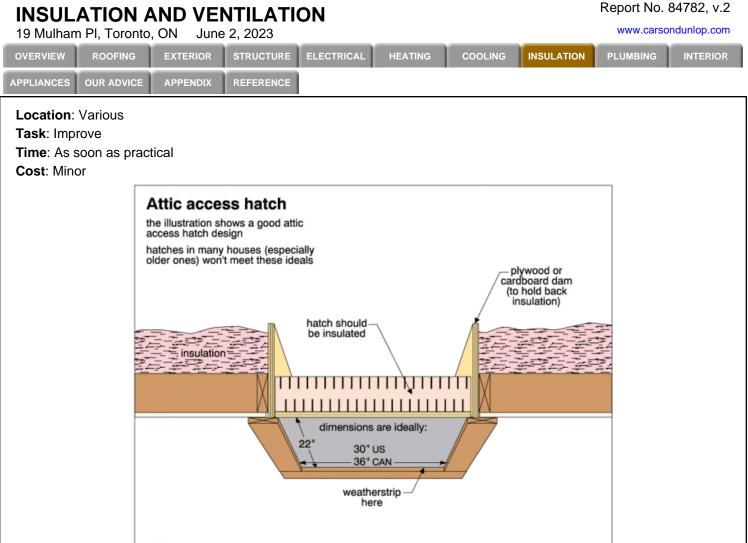
Some insulation on hatch but not an adequate amount/type.

Rigid insulation is ideal.

No weather-stripping noted.

Other improvements to the hatch area (general fit, securing loose trim and adding barriers to hold back the loose insulation) should be considered if/when addressing this condition.

Implication(s): Chance of condensation damage to finishes and/or structure | Increased heating and cooling costs | Reduced comfort



cross section

## Inspection Methods and Limitations

Inspection limited/prevented by lack of access to: • Wall space - access not gained.

Attic inspection performed: • From access hatch

Roof ventilation system performance: 
 Not evaluated

# PLUMBING

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#### Description

Service piping into building: • Copper

Supply piping in building: • <u>Copper</u> • PEX (cross-linked Polyethylene)

Main water shut off valve at the: • Basement

Water heater type:

<u>Conventional</u>



Conventional

Water heater fuel/energy source: • Gas

Water heater approximate age: • 17 years

Water heater typical life expectancy: • 10 to 15 years

Waste and vent piping in building: • <u>ABS plastic</u> • <u>Copper</u> • Not visible in some areas.

Floor drain location: • Not visible

## **Observations and Recommendations**

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS \ General**

**Condition:** • Many plumbing fixtures may be expected to last 15 years or more, although faucets are often replaced every 10 years.

#### WATER HEATER \ Life expectancy

**Condition:** • Past life expectancy Be prepared to replace at any time.

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Implication(s): No hot water

Task: Replace Time: Soon

Cost: \$1,000 - \$3,000

#### WATER HEATER - GAS BURNER AND VENTING \ Venting system

**Condition:** • Vent connector slope is less than ideal.

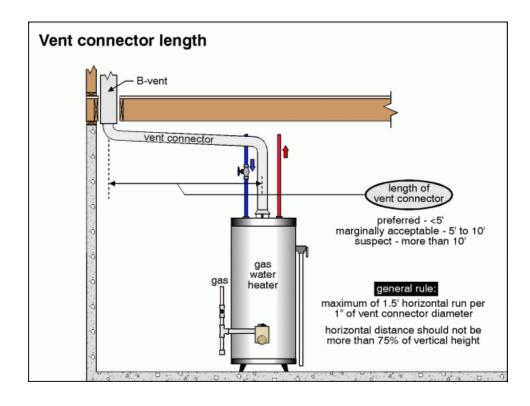
The vent should slope up at roughly 1/4 inch per foot moving away from the heater.

Implication(s): Combustion products entering house - safety concern.

Task: Further evaluation by a specialist and improve slope if needed.

Time: Immediate

Cost: Minor



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# PLUMBING

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Poor Slope

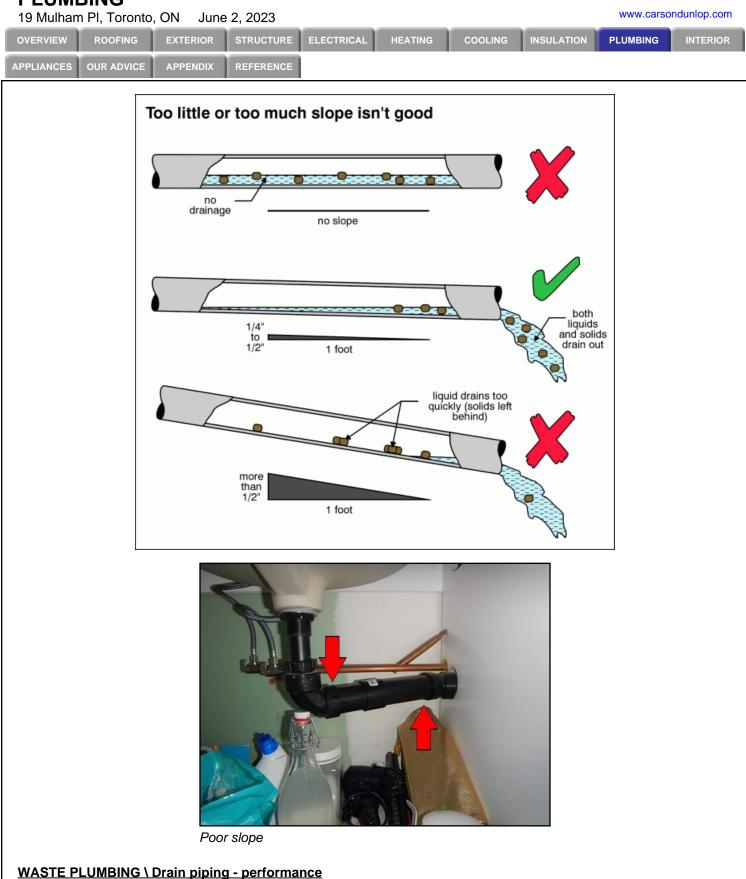
Poor Slope

#### WASTE PLUMBING \ Drain piping - installation Condition: • Poor slope Small section of the drain pipe appears to be slightly up-sloped.

No adverse symptoms noted. Implication(s): Sewage entering the building Location: Second Floor Bathroom Task: Improve Time: As required Cost: Minor

# **PLUMBING**

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Condition: • The main sewer line to the street cannot be inspected during a home inspection. A video scan dramatically

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# PLUMBING

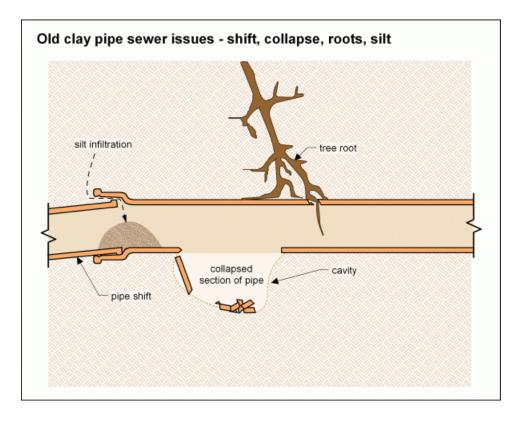
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reduces the risk of expensive and unhealthy sewer back-ups.

Implication(s): Possible sewer back-up into home due to roots, obstructions or collapsed drain pipe.

Task: Provide after possession of the home.

Cost: \$300



#### WASTE PLUMBING \ Traps - performance

Condition: • S-trap

Unable to determine venting arrangement/presence.

No adverse symptoms noted at time of inspection.

If necessary, install an Air Admittance Valve or connect to the existing venting system, which is the preferred method. **Location**: Kitchen

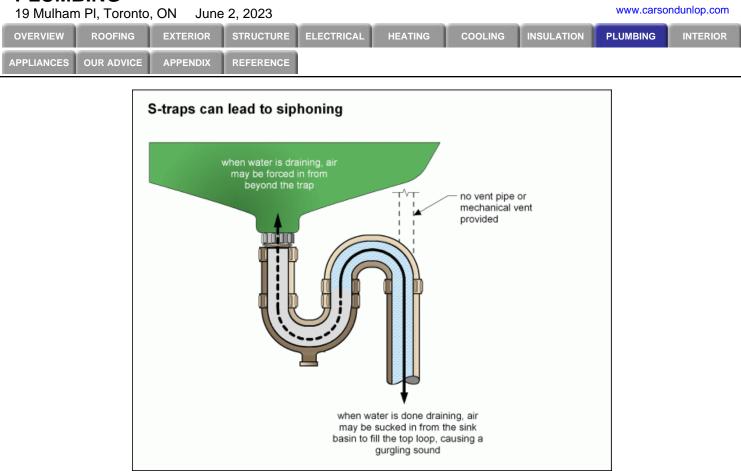
Task: Monitor / Improve

Time: As required

Cost: Minor

# PLUMBING

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S-trap

#### WASTE PLUMBING \ Floor drain

Condition: • None noted May be concealed. Implication(s): Chance of water damage to structure, finishes and contents Task: Locate, or provide if missing Time: As soon as practical

# PLUMBING 19 Mulham PI, Toronto, ON June 2, 2023 OVERVIEW ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR APPLIANCES OUR ADVICE APPENDIX REFERENCE

Cost: \$1,000 and up

#### FIXTURES AND FAUCETS \ Basin, sink and laundry tub

**Condition:** • <u>Leak</u> Evidence of prior leakage. Dry at time of inspection. Monitor closely.

Implication(s): Chance of water damage to structure, finishes and contents | Sewage entering the building

#### Location: Kitchen

Task: Monitor

Time: Ongoing



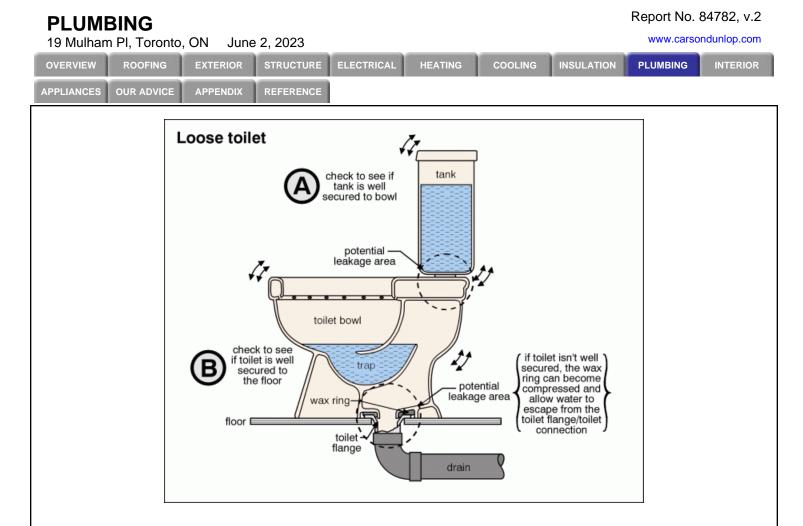
Leak

#### Condition: • Loose

Implication(s): Chance of water damage to structure, finishes and contents | Damage or physical injury due to falling materials | Sewage entering the building Location: Basement Bathroom Task: Improve Time: As necessary Cost: Minor

#### FIXTURES AND FAUCETS \ Toilet

Condition: • Loose Implication(s): Chance of water damage to structure, finishes and contents | Sewage entering the building | Possible hidden damage Location: Second Floor Bathroom Task: Improve Time: As required Cost: Minor



# Inspection Methods and Limitations

Items excluded from a building inspection: • Tub/sink overflows

# INTERIOR

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#### Description

**General:** • Interior finishes are in good repair overall. • Interior finishes are high quality for the most part. • The newer windows help improve comfort and energy efficiency.

# **Observations and Recommendations**

#### **FLOORS \ General notes**

Condition: • <u>Trip hazard</u> Poor installation of flooring. Implication(s): Physical injury Location: Basement Task: Improve Time: As necessary Cost: Minor



Trip hazard

#### **EXHAUST FANS \ General notes**

#### Condition: • Missing

Bathrooms only have ventilation if a window is opened but this will not likely be done, especially in winter months. Installation of exhaust fans is recommended.

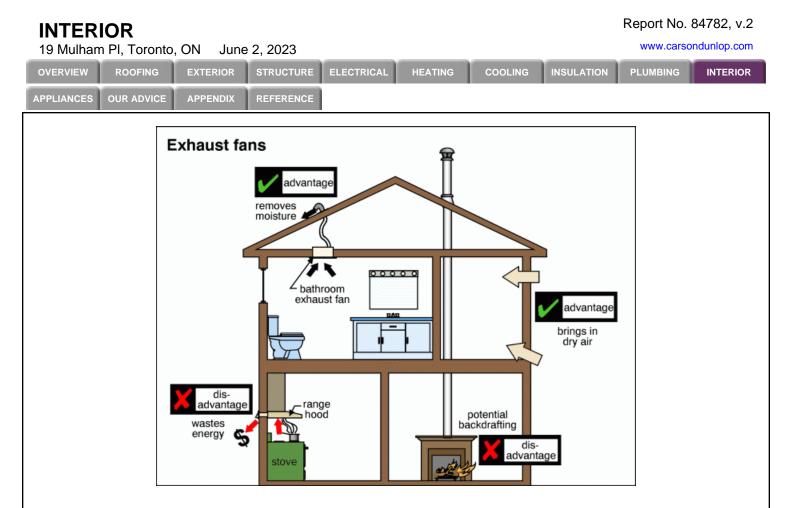
Implication(s): Chance of condensation damage to finishes and/or structure

Location: Various

Task: Provide

Time: When renovating

Cost: Minor



#### BASEMENT \ Leakage

**Condition:** • Almost every basement (and crawlspace) leaks under the right conditions. Based on a one-time visit, it's impossible to know how often or severe leaks may be. While we look for evidence of past leakage during ourconsultation, this is often not a good indicator of current conditions. Exterior conditions such as poorly performing gutters and downspouts, and ground sloping down toward the house often cause basement leakage problems. Please read Section 10.0 in the Interior section of the Home Reference Book before taking any action. You can find this in the Reference tab at the end of the report.

To summarize, wet basement issues can be addressed in 4 steps:

1. First, ensure gutters and downspouts carry roof run-off away from the home. (relatively low cost)

2. If problems persist, slope the ground (including walks, patios and driveways) to direct water away from the home. (Low cost if done by homeowner. Higher cost if done by contractor or if driveways, patios and expensive landscaping are disturbed.)

3. If the problem is not resolved and the foundation is poured concrete, seal any leaking cracks and form-tie holes from the inside. (A typical cost is \$300 to \$600 per crack or hole.)

4. As a last resort, dampproof the exterior of the foundation, provide a drainage membrane and add/repair perimeter drainage tile. (High cost)

# INTERIOR

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# Inspection Methods and Limitations

Percent of foundation not visible: • 60 %

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**General:** • Appliances and exhaust fans have life expectancies in the range of 10 to 15 years, although there is considerable variance based on a number of factors. All appliances have been inspected and any defects are noted below.

# OUR ADVICE 19 Mulham PI, Toronto, ON June 2, 2023 www.carsondunlop.com OVERVIEW ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR APPLIANCES OUR ADVICE APPENDIX REFERENCE V V V

#### Description

**OUR ADVICE FOR LOOKING AFTER YOUR HOME:** • Home maintenance is an important responsibility. It protects your investment, extends life expectancy and helps avoid significant expenses. This document is an integral part of the report, and will help you avoid many common problems and reduce costs.

**Priority Maintenance and Home Set-Up:** • The Home Set-Up and Maintenance chapter in the Home Reference Book provides important information regarding things that are done once when moving in, as well as regular maintenance activities.

Please be sure to follow these maintenance guidelines. The Home Reference Book is included under the REFERENCE tab in this report.

**Basement/Crawlspace Leakage:** • Basement water leakage is the most common problem with homes. Almost every basement and crawlspace leaks under the right conditions. Good maintenance of exterior grading, gutters and downspouts is critically important.

For more details, please refer to Section 10 of the Interior chapter of the Home Reference Book, which is in the REFERENCE tab in this report.

**Roof - Annual Maintenance: •** It is important to set up an annual inspection and tune-up program to minimize the risk of leakage and maximize the life of the roof. Roof leaks may occur at any time and are most often at penetrations or changes in material. A leak does not necessarily mean the roof needs to be replaced.

Roof coverings are disposable and have to be replaced from time to time. Asphalt shingles, for example, last roughly 15 years.

**Exterior - Annual Maintenance:** • Annual inspection of the exterior is important to ensure weather-tightness and durability of exterior components. Grading around the home should slope to drain water away from the foundation to help keep the basement dry.

Painting and caulking should be well maintained. Particular attention should be paid to horizontal surfaces where water may collect.

Joints, intersections, penetrations and other places where water may enter the building assembly should be checked and maintained regularly.

**Garage Door Operators:** • The auto reverse mechanism on your garage door opener should be tested monthly. The door should also reverse when it meets reasonable resistance, or if the 'photo eye' beam is broken.

**Electrical System - Label the Panel:** • Each circuit in the electrical panel should be labelled to indicate what it controls. This improves both safety and convenience. Where the panel is already labelled, the labelling should be verified as correct. Do not rely on existing labeling.

**Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters and Arc Fault Circuit Interrupters:** • These should be tested monthly using the test buttons on the receptacles or on the breakers in the electrical panel.

**Heating and Cooling System - Annual Maintenance:** • Set up an annual maintenance agreement that covers parts and labour for all heating and cooling equipment. This includes gas fireplaces and heaters, as well as furnaces, boilers and air conditioners. Include humidifiers and electronic air cleaners in the service agreement. Arrange the first visit as soon as possible after taking possession.

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Check filters for furnaces and air conditioners monthly and change or clean as needed. Duct systems have to be balanced to maximize comfort and efficiency, and to minimize operating costs. Adjust the balancing for heating and cooling seasons, respectively.

For hot water systems, balancing should be done by a specialist to due to the risk of leakage at radiator valves. These valves are not operated during a home inspection. • Check filters for furnaces and air conditioners monthly and change or clean as needed. Duct systems have to be balanced to maximize comfort and efficiency, and to minimize operating costs. Adjust the balancing for heating and cooling seasons, respectively. • For hot water systems, balancing should be done by a specialist due to the risk of leakage at radiator valves. These valves are not operated during a home inspection.

**Bathtub and Shower Maintenance:** • Caulking and grout in bathtubs and showers should be checked every 6 months, and improved as necessary to prevent leakage and water damage behind walls and below floors.

**Water Heaters:** • All water heaters should be flushed by a specialist every year to maximize performance and life expectancy. This is even more critical on tankless water heaters.

**Washing Machine Hoses:** • We suggest braided steel hoses rather than rubber hoses for connecting washing machines to supply piping in the home. A ruptured hose can result in serious water damage in a short time, especially if the laundry area is in or above a finished part of the home.

**Clothes Dryer Vents:** • We recommend that vents for clothes dryers discharge outside the home. The vent material should be smooth walled (not corrugated) metal, and the run should be as short and straight as practical. This reduces energy consumption and cost, as well as drying time for clothes. It also minimizes the risk of a lint fire inside the vent.

Lint filters in the dryer should be cleaned every time the dryer is used. There is a secondary lint trap in many condominiums. These should be cleaned regularly. There may also a duct fan controlled by a wall switch. The fan should be ON whenever the dryer is used.

Dryer ducts should be inspected annually and cleaned as necessary to help reduce the risk of a fire, improve energy efficiency and reduce drying times.

**Fireplace and Wood Stove Maintenance:** • Wood burning appliances and chimneys should be inspected and cleaned before you use them, and annually thereafter. We recommend that specialists with a WETT (Wood Energy Technology Transfer, Inc.) designation perform this work. Many insurance companies require a WETT inspection for a property with a wood burning device.

**Smoke and Carbon Monoxide (CO) Detectors/Alarms:** • Smoke detectors are required at every floor level of every home, including basements and crawlspaces. Even if these are present when you move into the home, we recommend replacing the detectors. We strongly recommend photoelectric smoke detectors rather than ionization type detectors. Carbon monoxide detectors should be provided adjacent to all sleeping areas.

These devices are not tested during a home inspection. Detectors should be tested every 6 months, and replaced every 10 years. Batteries for smoke and carbon monoxide detectors should be replaced annually. If unsure of the age of a smoke detector, it should be replaced.

**Backwater Valve:** • A backwater valve protects your home from a backup of the municipal sewer system. The valve may be equipped with an alarm to notify you of a backup. Please note: if the valve is closed due to a municipal sewer backup, you cannot use the plumbing fixtures in the home. The waste water is unable to leave the building and will back up through floor drains and the lowest plumbing fixtures.

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• The valve should be inspected and cleaned as necessary at least

twice a year.

**Sump Pump:** • A sump pump collects storm water below the basement floor and discharges it safely to the exterior to prevent flooding. The discharge point should be at least 6 feet (2 m) away from the home. Best installations include backup power for the sump pump, so it will work in the event of a power outage. A high water alarm in the sump pump will notify you if the pump fails. Some installations include a backup pump.

The sump and pump should be inspected and tested four times a year.

**For condominium owners:** • Condominium owners - Maintenance and Repairs: There are two types of repairs that may be performed in a condo - repairs to an individual condo unit and repairs to common elements. Common elements are set out in the Condominium Declaration and will differ from one building to another. If repairs must be made inside your unit, you are responsible for making the repairs at your own expense. You are also responsible for the ongoing maintenance of your unit. The condominium corporation's board of directors is responsible for maintenance and repair of the common elements. Exclusive-use common elements, such as parking spaces or balconies are generally maintained by the condominium board.

Be Ready for Emergencies: Be sure you know where to shut off the water. Some condos have more than one shut off, and others need a special tool (key) to turn off water. Label each circuit on the electrical panel, and make sure you should know how to turn off the power. Keep a fire extinguisher suitable for grease fires near the kitchen.

Property Manager and Concierge/Security: Keep the contact information for these folks handy (perhaps on your phone) wherever you are. • Lint filters in the dryer should be cleaned every time the dryer is used. There is a secondary lint trap in many condominiums. These should be cleaned regularly. There may also a duct fan controlled by a wall switch. The fan should be ON whenever the dryer is used.

#### END OF REPORT

# APPENDIX

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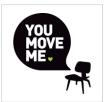


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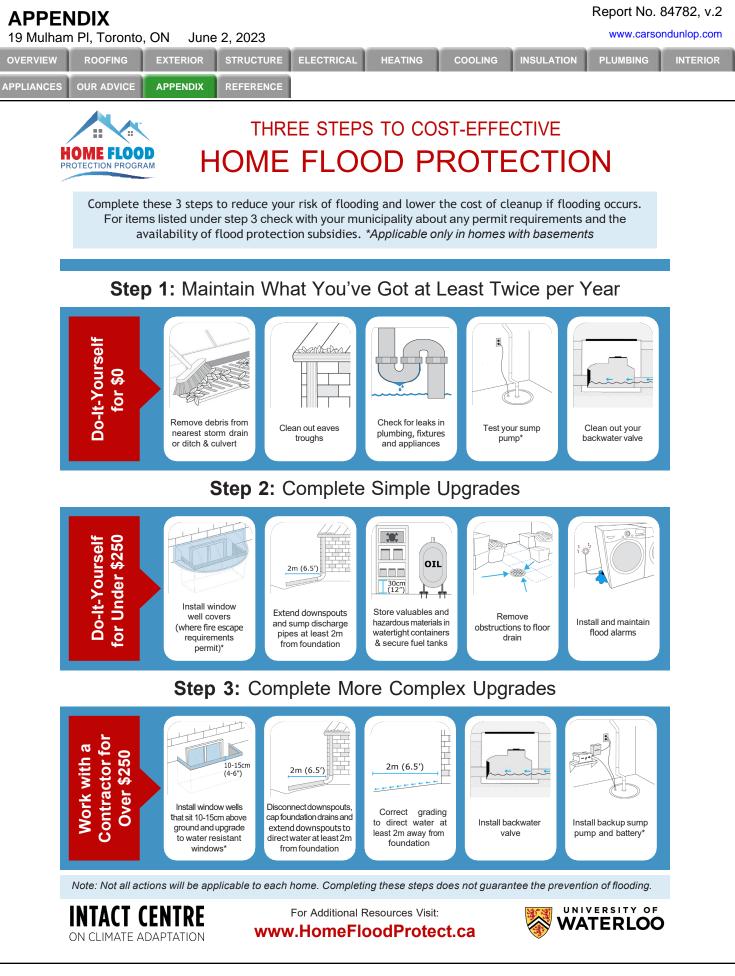
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Basement Flood Protection Checklist	
Take these steps to reduce your risk of basement flooding and reduce the cost of cleaning up after a flood. Remember to check with your municipality about the availability of basement flood protection subsidies. Check with your insurer about discounts for taking action to reduce flood risk.	
1. Maintain Your Home's Flood Protection Features at Least Twice Per Year	
SPRING       FALL         Remove debris from nearest storm drain         Clean out eaves troughs         Test sump pump(s) and backup power source         Clean out backwater valve         Maintain plumbing, appliances and fixtures         Test flood alarms	
2. Keep Water Out of Your Basement	
<ul> <li>Correct grading to direct water at least 2m away from your foundation</li> <li>Extend downspouts and sump discharge pipes to direct water at least 2m away from your foundation or to the nearest drainage swale</li> <li>Install window well covers</li> <li>Install window wells that are 10-15cm above the ground and are sealed at the foundation</li> <li>Install water-resistant basement windows</li> <li>Install a backwater valve (work with a plumber and get required permits)</li> </ul>	
3. Prepare to Remove Any Water from Your Basement as Quickly as Possible	
Remove obstructions to the basement floor drain Install a back-up sump pump and power source	
4. Protect Personal Belongings in Your Basement	
<ul> <li>Store valuables in watertight containers or remove</li> <li>Store hazardous materials (paints, chemicals) in watertight containers or remove</li> <li>Raise electronics off the floor</li> <li>Select removable area rugs and furnishings that have wooden or metal legs</li> </ul>	
Note: Not all actions will be applicable to each home. Completing these steps does not guarantee the prevention of basement flo	
INTACT CENTRE ON CLIMATE ADAPTATION         For Additional Resources Visit:           WWW.HomeFloodProtect.ca         WATER	

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		This is a copy o the terms, limita		•			
THIS	CONTRACT LIMITS TH	E LIABILITY OF THE		ON COMPANY.			
PLEA	SE READ CAREFULLY	BEFORE SIGNING.					
is pe We c the S	erm Home Inspector rformed in substantia comply with the Stand TANDARDS OF PRACT Home Inspector's repo	l accordance with th ards, inspecting even ICE, click <u>http://www</u>	e <b>STANDARDS C</b> ry listed item, alt w.oahi.com/dow	DF PRACTICE of t hough we do no nload.php?id=13	he Ontario Associati t include description 88. There is also a co	ion of Home In ns of all items. T ppy attached he	spectors. Fo review rrewith.
read	ily accessible features	of the building.					
	dition to the limitation n this Agreement.	ns in the STANDARDS	S, the Inspection	of this property	is subject to Limitati	ions and Condit	tions set
LIMI	TATIONS AND CONDIT	IONS OF THE HOME	INSPECTION				
The f	ocus of the home insp	ection is on major is	sues that may af	fect a reasonable	e person's decision to	o buy a home.	
than	me Inspector is a gene a design review. Hom tural systems for exar	e Inspectors do not	perform calculat	-	-		
1) TH	IE INSPECTION IS NOT	TECHNICALLY EXHAU	JSTIVE.				
majo	nspection is a samplir r issues, we typically o rstood that not all iss	come across some sn	naller issues. The		-		-
	blishing the significanc equired.	e of an issue may be	beyond the sco	pe of the inspect	ion. Further evaluati	ion by a special	ist may
Hom	chnical Audit is a more e Inspection. We have e Inspection instead o	both services availa	-	-	-		
	u are concerned about fied specialist to provi			nspection Report	, we strongly recom	mend that you	consult a

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pesticides. Home Inspectors do NOT look for, or comment on, the past use of chemical termite treatments in or around the property.

5) WE DO NOT COMMENT ON THE QUALITY OF AIR IN A BUILDING.

The Inspector does not determine if there are irritants, pollutants, contaminants, or toxic materials in or around the building.

The Inspection does not include spores, fungus, mould or mildew. You should note that whenever there is water damage noted in the report, there is a possibility that mould or mildew may be present, unseen behind a wall, floor or ceiling.

If anyone in your home suffers from allergies or heightened sensitivity to quality of air, we strongly recommend that you consult a qualified Environmental Consultant who can test for toxic materials, mould and allergens at additional cost.

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that any failure to notify Carson Dunlop as stated above shall constitute a waiver of any and all claims the client may have against the inspector and/or Carson Dunlop.

#### 14) TIME PERIOD

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The Client acknowledges and agrees that the timeframe for commencement of legal proceedings by the Client against the Inspector for damages suffered by the Client as a result of alleged errors, omissions, breaches of contract and/or negligence by the Inspector shall not be later than two (2) years from the date of the inspection.

#### 15) LEGAL ADVICE

The Client has had such legal advice as the Client desires in relation to the effect of this Contract on the Client's legal rights.

#### 16) CLIENT'S AGREEMENT

The Client understands and agrees to be bound by each and every provision of this contract. The Client has the authority to bind any other family members or other interested parties to this Contract.

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# Canadian Association Of Home & Property Inspectors

## **2012** National Standards of Practice

The National Standards of Practice are a set of guidelines for home and property inspectors to follow in the performance of their inspections. They are the most widely accepted Canadian home inspection guidelines in use, and address all the home's major systems and components. The National Standards of Practice and Code of Ethics are recognized by many related professionals as the definitive Standards for professional performance in the industry.

These National Standards of Practice are being published to inform the public on the nature and scope of visual building inspections performed by home and property inspectors who are members of the Canadian Association of Home and Property Inspectors (CAHPI).

The purpose of the National Standards of Practice is to provide guidelines for home and property inspectors regarding both the inspection itself and the drafting of the inspection report, and to define certain terms relating to the performance of home inspections to ensure consistent interpretation.

To ensure better public protection, home and property inspectors who are members of CAHPI should strive to meet these Standards and abide by the appropriate provincial/regional CAHPI Code of Ethics.

These Standards take into account that a visual inspection of a building does not constitute an evaluation or a verification of compliance with building codes, Standards or regulations governing the construction industry or the health and safety industry, or Standards and regulations governing insurability.

Any terms not defined in these Standards shall have the meaning commonly assigned to it by the various trades and professions, according to context.

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Glossary Note: Italicized words are defined in the Glossary.

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

**1.1** The Canadian Association of Home and Property Inspectors (CAHPI) is a not-for-profit association whose members include the following seven provincial/regional organizations: CAHPI-British Columbia., CAHPI-Alberta, CAHPI-Saskatchewan, CAHPI-Manitoba, OAHI (Ontario), AIBQ (Quebec), and CAHPI-Atlantic. CAHPI strives to promote excellence within the profession and continual improvement of inspection services to the public.

#### 2. PURPOSE AND SCOPE

2.1 The purpose of these National Standards of Practice is to establish professional and uniform Standards for private, fee-paid home inspectors who are members of one of the provincial/regional organizations of CAHPI. Home Inspections performed to these National Standards of Practice are intended to provide information regarding the condition of the systems and components of the building as inspected at the time of the Home Inspections. This does NOT include building code inspections.

These National Standards of Practice enable the building being inspected to be compared with a building that was constructed in accordance with the generally accepted practices at the time of construction, and which has been adequately maintained such that there is no significant loss of *functionality*.

It follows that the building may not be in compliance with current building codes, standards and regulations that are applicable at the time of inspection. These National Standards of Practice apply to inspections of part or all of a building for the following building types:

- single-family dwelling, detached, semidetached or row house
- multi unit residential building
- residential building held in divided or undivided co ownership
- residential building occupied in part for a residential occupancy and in part for a commercial occupancy, as long as the latter use does not exceed 40% of the building's total area, excluding the basement.

#### 2.2 The Inspector shall:

#### A. inspect:

1. *readily accessible,* visually observable *installed systems,* and *components* of buildings listed in these National Standards of Practice.

#### B. report:

- 1. on those systems and components installed on the building inspected which, in the professional opinion or judgement of the *inspector*, *have a significant deficiency* or are unsafe or are near the end of their *service lives*.
- 2. a reason why, if not self-evident, the system or component has a significant deficiency or is unsafe or is near the end of its service life.
- 3. the inspector's recommendations to correct or monitor the reported deficiency.
- 4. on any *systems* and *components* designated for inspection in these National Standards of Practice which were present at the time of the *Home Inspection* but were not inspected and a reason they were not inspected.
- **2.3** These National Standards of Practice are not intended to limit inspectors from:
  - A.including other inspection services in addition to those required by these National Standards of Practice provided the *inspector* is appropriately qualified and willing to do so.
  - **B.** excluding *systems* and *components* from the inspection if requested by the client or as dictated by circumstances at the time of the inspection.

#### 3. GENERAL LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

#### 3.1 General limitations:

- A.Inspections performed in accordance with these National Standards of Practice
- 1. are not technically exhaustive.
- 2. will not identify concealed conditions or latent defects.

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#### 3.2 General exclusions:

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**A.** The *inspector* is not required to perform any action or make any determination unless specifically stated in these National Standards of Practice, except as may be required by lawful authority.

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- B. Inspectors are NOT required to determine:
- 1. condition of *systems* or *components* which are not *readily accessible*.
- 2. remaining life of any system or component.
- 3. strength, adequacy, effectiveness, or efficiency of any system or component.
- 4. causes of any condition or deficiency.
- 5. methods, materials, or costs of corrections.
- 6. future conditions including, but not limited to, failure of *systems* and *components*.
- 7. suitability of the property for any use.
- 8. compliance with regulatory requirements (codes, regulations, laws, ordinances, etc.).
- 9. market value of the property or its marketability.
- 10.advisability of the purchase of the property.
- 11.presence of potentially hazardous plants, animals or insects including, but not limited to wood destroying organisms, diseases or organisms harmful to humans.
- 12. presence of any environmental hazards including, but not limited to toxins, carcinogens, noise, and contaminants in soil, water, and air.
- 13.effectiveness of any *system* installed or methods utilized to control or remove suspected hazardous substances.
- 14. operating costs of systems or components.
- 15.acoustical properties of any *system* or *component*
- 16.design adequacy with regards to location of the home, or the elements to which it is exposed.
- C. Inspectors are NOT required to offer or perform:
- 1. any act or service contrary to law, statute or regulation.
- 2. engineering, architectural and technical services.
- 3. work in any trade or any professional service other than *home inspection*.
- 4. warranties or guarantees of any kind.
- D. Inspectors are NOT required to operate:
- 1. any *system* or *component* which is *shut down* or otherwise inoperable.
- 2. any *system* or *component* which does not respond to *normal operating controls*.
- 3. shut-off valves.
- E. Inspectors are NOT required to enter:
- 1. any area which will, in the opinion of the *inspector*, likely be hazardous to the *inspector* or other persons or damage the property or its *systems* or *components*.

- 2. confined spaces.
- 3. spaces which are not readily accessible.
- F. Inspectors are NOT required to inspect:
- 1. underground items including, but not limited to storage tanks or other indications of their presence, whether abandoned or active.
- 2. systems or components which are not installed.
- 3. *decorative* items.
- 4. *systems* or *components* located in areas that are not readily accessible in accordance with these National Standards of Practice.
- 5. detached structures.
- common elements or common areas in multiunit housing, such as condominium properties or cooperative housing when inspecting an individual unit(s), including the roof and building envelope.
- 7. test and/or operate any installed fire alarm system, burglar alarm system, automatic sprinkler system or other fire protection equipment, electronic or automated installations, telephone, intercom, cable/internet systems and any lifting equipment, elevator, freight elevator, wheelchair lift, climbing chair, escalator or others;
- 8. pools, spas and their associated safety devices, including fences.
- G. Inspectors are NOT required to:
- 1. perform any procedure or operation which will, in the opinion of the *inspector*, likely be hazardous to the *inspector* or other persons or damage the property or it's *systems* or *components*.
- move suspended ceiling tiles, personal property, furniture, equipment, plants, soil, snow, ice, or debris.
- 3. *dismantle* any *system* or *component*, except as explicitly required by these National Standards of Practice.

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#### 4. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS

#### 4.1 The inspector shall:

#### A. inspect:

- 1. *structural components* including visible foundation and framing.
- 2. by *probing* a sample of structural components where deterioration is suspected or where clear indications of possible deterioration exist. *Probing* is NOT required when *probing* would damage any finished surface or where no deterioration is visible.

#### B. describe:

- 1. foundation(s).
- 2. floor structure(s).
- 3. wall structure(s).
- 4. ceiling structure(s).
- 5. roof structure(s).
- C. report:
  - 1. on conditions limiting access to structural components.
  - 2. methods used to *inspect* the *under-floor crawl space*
  - 3. methods used to *inspect* the attic(s).

#### 4.2 The inspector is NOT required to:

- A. provide any *engineering service* or *architectural service*.
- **B.** offer an opinion as to the adequacy of any *structural system* or *component*.

#### **5. EXTERIOR SYSTEMS**

#### 5.1 The inspector shall:

#### A. inspect:

- 1. exterior wall covering(s), flashing and trim.
- 2. all exterior doors.
- 3. attached or *adjacent* decks, balconies, steps, porches, and their associated railings.
- 4. eaves, soffits, and fascias where accessible from the ground level.
- 5. vegetation, grading, and surface drainage on the property when any of these are likely to adversely affect the building.
- 6. walkways, patios, and driveways leading to dwelling entrances.
- 7. landscaping structure attached or adjacent to the building when likely to adversely affect the building.
- 8. attached garage or carport.
- 9. garage doors and garage door operators for attached garages.

#### B. describe

- 1. exterior wall covering(s).
- C. report:
  - 1. the method(s) used to inspect the exterior wall elevations.

## **5.2 The inspector is NOT required to:** A. inspect:

- 1. screening, shutters, awnings, and similar seasonal accessories.
- 2. fences.
- 3. geological, geotechnical or hydrological conditions.
- 4. recreational facilities.
- 5. detached garages and outbuildings.
- 6. seawalls, break-walls, dykes and docks.
- 7. erosion control and earth stabilization measures.

#### 6. ROOF SYSTEMS

#### 6.1 The inspector shall:

#### A. inspect:

- 1. readily accessible roof coverings.
- 2. readily accessible roof drainage systems.
- 3. readily accessible flashings.
- readily accessible skylights, chimneys, and roof penetrations.

#### B. describe

- 1. roof coverings.
- C. report:
  - 1. method(s) used to inspect the roof(s).

#### 6.2 The inspector is NOT required to:

#### A. inspect:

- 1. antennae and satellite dishes.
- 2. interiors of flues or chimneys.
- 3. other *installed* items attached to but not related to the roof system(s).

#### 7. PLUMBING SYSTEMS

#### 7.1 The inspector shall:

A. inspect:

- 1. interior water supply and distribution *systems* including all fixtures and faucets.
- 2. drain, waste and vent *systems* including all fixtures.
- 3. water heating equipment and associated venting systems.
- 4. water heating equipment fuel storage and fuel distribution systems.
- 5. fuel storage and fuel distribution systems.
- 6. drainage sumps, sump pumps, and related

#### piping.

- B. describe:
  - 1. water supply, distribution, drain, waste, and vent piping materials.
  - 2. water heating equipment including the energy source.
  - 3. location of main water and main fuel shut-off valves.

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#### 7.2 The inspector is NOT required to:

#### A. inspect:

- 1. clothes washing machine connections.
- 2. wells, well pumps, or water storage related equipment.
- 3. water conditioning systems.
- 4. solar water heating systems.
- 5. fire and lawn sprinkler systems.
- 6. private waste disposal systems.

#### **B.** determine:

- 1. whether water supply and waste disposal systems are public or private.
- 2. the quantity or quality of the water supply.

#### C. operate:

1. safety valves or shut-off valves.

#### 8. ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### 8.1 The inspector shall:

#### A. inspect:

- 1. service drop.
- 2. service entrance conductors, cables, and raceways.
- 3. service equipment and main disconnects.
- 4. service grounding.
- 5. interior components of service panels and sub panels.
- 6. distribution conductors.
- 7. overcurrent protection devices.
- 8. a representative number of installed lighting fixtures, switches, and receptacles.
- 9. ground fault circuit interrupters (GFCI) (if appropriate).
- 10.arc fault circuit interrupters (AFCI) (if appropriate).

#### B. describe:

- 1. amperage and voltage rating of the service.
- 2. location of main disconnect(s) and subpanel(s). 3. wiring methods.
- C. report:
  - 1. presence of solid conductor aluminum branch circuit wiring.
  - 2. absence of carbon monoxide detectors (if applicable).
  - 3. absence of smoke detectors.
  - 4. presence of ground fault circuit interrupters (GFCI).
  - 5. presence of arc fault circuit interrupters (AFCI).

#### 8.2 The inspector is NOT required to: A. inspect:

- 1. remote control devices unless the device is the only control device.
- 2. alarm systems and components.
- 3. low voltage wiring, systems and components.
- 4. ancillary wiring, systems and components not a part of the primary electrical power distribution system.

5. telecommunication equipment.

#### B. measure:

1. amperage, voltage, or impedance.

#### 9. HEATING SYSTEMS

#### 9.1 The inspector shall:

#### A. inspect:

- 1. readily accessible components of installed heating equipment.
- 2. vent systems, flues, and chimneys.
- 3. fuel storage and fuel distribution systems.

#### B. describe:

- 1. energy source(s).
- 2. heating method(s) by distinguishing characteristics.
- 3. chimney(s) and/or venting material(s).
- 4. combustion air sources.
- 5. exhaust venting methods (naturally aspiring, induced draft, direct vent, direct vent sealed combustion).

#### 9.2 The inspector is NOT required to:

- A. inspect:
  - 1. interiors of flues or chimneys.
  - 2. heat exchangers.
  - 3. auxiliary equipment.
  - 4. electronic air filters.
  - 5. solar heating systems.

#### **B.** determine:

1. system adequacy or distribution balance.

#### **10. FIREPLACES AND SOLID FUEL BURNING APPLIANCES**

(Unless prohibited by the authority having jurisdiction)

#### 10.1 The inspector shall:

- A. inspect:
  - 1. system components
  - 2. vent systems and chimneys
- **B.** describe:
  - 1. fireplaces and solid fuel burning appliances
  - 2. chimneys

#### 10.2 The inspector is NOT required to: A. inspect:

- 1. interior of flues or chimneys
- 2. screens, doors and dampers
- 3. seals and gaskets
- 4. automatic fuel feed devices
- 5. heat distribution assists whether fan assisted or gravity
- B. ignite or extinguish fires
- C. determine draught characteristics
- D. move fireplace inserts, stoves, or firebox contents

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#### **11. AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS**

#### 11.1 The inspector shall:

#### A. inspect

1. permanently installed central air conditioning equipment.

#### **B.** describe:

- 1. energy source.
- 2. cooling method by its distinguishing characteristics.

#### 11.2 The inspector is NOT required to:

### A. inspect

- 1. electronic air filters. 2. portable air conditioner(s).
- **B. determine:** 
  - 1. system adequacy or distribution balance.

#### **12. INTERIOR SYSTEMS**

#### 12.1 The inspector shall:

#### A. inspect:

- 1. walls, ceilings, and floors.
- 2. steps, stairways, and railings.
- 3. a representative number of countertops and installed cabinets.
- 4. a representative number of doors and windows.
- 5. walls, doors and ceilings separating the
- habitable spaces and the garage.
- **B.** describe:
  - 1. materials used for walls, ceilings and floors.
  - 2. doors.
  - 3. windows.

#### C. report

1. absence or ineffectiveness of guards and handrails or other potential physical injury hazards.

#### 12.2 The inspector is NOT required to:

#### A. inspect:

- 1. decorative finishes.
- 2. window treatments.
- 3. central vacuum systems.
- 4. household appliances.
- 5. recreational facilities.

#### **13. INSULATION AND VAPOUR BARRIERS**

#### 13.1 The inspector shall:

- A. inspect:
  - 1. insulation and vapour barriers in unfinished spaces.
- B. describe:
  - 1. type of insulation material(s) and vapour barriers in unfinished spaces.
- C. report
  - 1. absence of insulation in unfinished spaces within the building envelope.
  - 2. presence of vermiculite insulation

#### 13.2 The inspector is NOT required to:

#### A. disturb

- 1. insulation. 2. vapour barriers.
- B. obtain sample(s) for analysis
  - 1. insulation material(s).

#### **14. MECHANICAL AND NATURAL VENTILATION SYSTEMS**

#### 14.1 The inspector shall:

#### A. inspect:

- 1. ventilation of attics and foundation areas.
- 2. mechanical ventilation systems.
- 3. ventilation systems in areas where moisture is generated such as kitchen, bathrooms, laundry rooms.

#### B. describe:

- 1. ventilation of attics and foundation areas.
- 2. mechanical ventilation systems.
- 3. ventilation systems in areas where moisture is generated such as: kitchens, bathrooms and laundry rooms.

#### C. report:

1. absence of ventilation in areas where moisture is generated such as: kitchens, bathrooms and laundry rooms.

#### 14.2 The inspector is NOT required to:

- 1. determine indoor air quality.
- 2. determine system adequacy or distribution balance.

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#### GLOSSARY

#### Adjacent

Nearest in space or position; immediately adjoining without intervening space.

#### Alarm Systems

Warning devices, installed or free-standing, including but not limited to; carbon monoxide detectors, flue gas and other spillage detectors, security equipment, ejector pumps and smoke alarms.

#### Architectural Service

Any practice involving the art and science of building design for construction of any structure or grouping of structures and the use of space within and surrounding the structures or the design for construction, including but not specifically limited to, schematic design, design development, preparation of construction contract documents, and administration of the construction contract, adequacy of design for the location and exposure to the elements.

#### Automatic Safety Controls

Devices designed and installed to protect *systems* and *components* from unsafe conditions.

#### Component

A part of a system.

#### **Confined Spaces**

An enclosed or partially enclosed area that: 1. Is occupied by people only for the purpose of completing work.

2. Has restricted entry/exit points.

3. Could be hazardous to people entering due to:

a. its design, construction, location or atmosphere.

b. the materials or substances in it, or

c. any other conditions which prevent normal inspection procedure.

#### Decorative

Ornamental; not required for the operation of the essential *systems* and *components* of a building.

#### Describe

To *report* a *system* or *component* by its type or other observed, significant characteristics to distinguish it from other *systems* or *components*.

#### Determine

To find out, or come to a conclusion by investigation.

#### Dismantle

To take apart or remove any component, device, or piece of equipment that would not be taken apart or removed by a homeowner in the course of normal and routine home owner maintenance.

#### **Engineering Service**

Any professional service or creative work requiring engineering education, training, and experience and the application of special knowledge of the mathematical, physical and engineering sciences to such professional service or creative work as consultation, investigation, evaluation, planning, design and supervision of construction for the purpose of assuring compliance with the specifications and design, in conjunction with structures, buildings, machines, equipment, works or processes.

#### Functionality

The purpose that something is designed or expected to fulfill.

#### **Further Evaluation**

Examination and analysis by a qualified professional, tradesman or service technician beyond that provided by the *home inspection*.

#### **Home Inspection**

The process by which an *inspector* visually examines the *readily accessible systems* and *components* of a building and which *describes* those *systems* and *components* in accordance with these National Standards of Practice.

#### **Household Appliances**

Kitchen, laundry, and similar appliances, whether *installed* or freestanding.

#### Inspect

To examine *readily accessible systems* and *components* of a building in accordance with these National Standards of Practice, *where applicable* using *normal operating controls* and opening *readily openable access panels*.

#### Inspector

A person hired to examine any *system* or *component* of a building in accordance with these National Standards of Practice.

#### Installed

Set up or fixed in position for current use or service.

#### Monitor

Examine at regular intervals to detect evidence of change.

#### Normal Operating Controls

Devices such as thermostats, switches or valves intended to be operated by the homeowner.

#### Operate

To cause to function, turn on, to control the function of a machine, process, or system.

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#### Probing

Examine by touch.

#### **Readily Accessible**

Available for visual inspection without requiring moving of personal property, *dismantling*, destructive measures, or any action which will likely involve risk to persons or property.

#### **Readily Openable Access Panel**

A panel provided for homeowner inspection and maintenance that is within normal reach, can be removed by one person, and is not sealed in place.

#### **Recreational Facilities**

Spas, saunas, steam baths, swimming pools, exercise, entertainment, athletic, playground or other similar equipment and associated accessories.

#### Report

To communicate in writing.

#### **Representative Number**

One *component* per room for multiple similar interior *components* such as windows and electric outlets; one *component* on each side of the building for multiple similar exterior *components*.

#### **Roof Drainage Systems**

Components used to carry water off a roof and away from a building.

#### Sample

A representative portion selected for inspection.

#### Service Life/Lives

The period during which something continues to function fully as intended.

#### Significant Deficiency

A clearly definable hazard or a clearly definable potential for failure or is unsafe or not functioning.

#### Shut Down

A state in which a *system* or *component* cannot be operated by *normal operating controls*.

#### Solid Fuel Burning Appliances

A hearth and fire chamber or similar prepared place in which a fire may be built and which is built in conjunction with a chimney; or a listed assembly of a fire chamber, its chimney and related factory-made parts designed for unit assembly without requiring field construction.

#### Structural Component

A component that supports non-variable forces or weights (dead loads) and variable forces or weights (live loads).

#### System

A combination of interacting or interdependent components, assembled to carry out one or more functions.

#### **Technically Exhaustive**

An inspection is technically exhaustive when it is done by a specialist who may make extensive use of measurements, instruments, testing, calculations, and other means to develop scientific or engineering findings, conclusions, and recommendations.

#### Under-floor Crawl Space

The area within the confines of the foundation and between the ground and the underside of the floor.

#### Unsafe

A condition in a *readily accessible, installed system* or *component* which is judged to be a significant risk of personal injury during normal, day-to-day use. The risk may be due to damage, deterioration, missing or improper installation or a change in accepted residential construction Standards.

#### Vapour Barrier

Material used in the building envelope to retard the passage of water vapour or moisture.

#### Visually Accessible

Able to be viewed by reaching or entering.

#### Wiring Methods

Identification of electrical conductors or wires by their general type, such as "non-metallic sheathed cable" ("Romex"), "armored cable" ("bx") or "knob and tube", etc.

Note - In these National Standards of Practice, redundancy in the description of the requirements, limitations and exclusions regarding the scope of the Home Inspection is provided for clarity not emphasis.

(CAHPI acknowledges The American Society of Home Inspectors®, Inc. (ASHF) for the use of their Standards of Practice (version January 1, 2000)

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	nks below connect you to a series of documents that will help you understand your home an addition to links attached to specific items in the report.	d how it works. These
Click	on any link to read about that system.	
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	Asbestos	
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	Carbon Monoxide Mold	
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